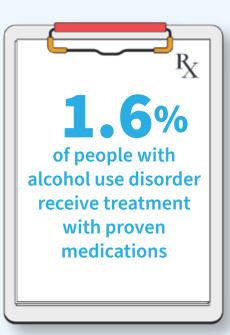
ALCOHOL USE DISORDER IN THE U.S.



of Americans have an alcohol use disorder, the most common substance use disorder in the USA



1 in 20
people with past-year
alcohol use disorder
receive any treatment



THERE ARE MANY PATHS TO RECOVERY:



Behavioral Health Treatments

including cognitive-behavioral therapy, motivational enhancement, and family counseling



Mutual Support Groups



Evidence-Based Medications

UNDERSTAND THE OPTIONS

There are three, non-addictive, FDA-approved medications for alcohol use disorder.



(Acamprosate)
helps people with
AUD maintain
abstinence from
alcohol by
alleviating some
symptoms.



(Disulfiram)
causes unpleasant
symptoms such as
nausea and flushing
of the skin when a
person drinks.



(Naltrexone)
blocks the receptors
in the brain
involved in craving
alcohol or the
rewarding effects of
drinking.



FIND RESOURCES

Visit CDC for state data, resources and shareable media: CDC.gov/alcohol

Learn about guidelines for safer drinking and how to tell if there's a problem:

RethinkingDrinking.NIAAA.NIH.gov

Navigate treatment options and find support, resources, and answers: AlcoholTreatment.NIAAA.NIH.gov

Q CADCA.org

YOU CAN LEAD CHANGE

- Implement effective strategies for preventing excessive alcohol use to reduce the availability and accessibility of alcohol and increase its price, including regulating the number and concentration of alcohol outlets, limiting days and hours of alcohol sales, and avoiding further privatization of alcohol sales. Check out CDC's alcohol outlet density measurement resources.
- Enforce existing laws and regulations about alcohol sales and service.
- Partner with law enforcement, community groups, health departments, and doctors, nurses, and other health care providers to reduce excessive drinking and related harms and track the role of alcohol in injuries and deaths.
- Routinely monitor and report on measures of excessive alcohol use and the status of effective alcohol policies.

SAMHSA (2022). Key substance use and mental health indicators in the United States: Results from the 2021 National Survey on Drug Use and Health (HHS Publication No. PEP22-07-01-005, NSDUH Series H-57).